

LLOYD GEORGE WORKS IN AGREEMENT WITH PRESIDENT WILSON

thrown his support unconditionally to President Wilson, making possible the remarkable progress of the last two days.

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON GERMAN CAPACITY TO PAY.

Last night the Committee on Capacity of Germany to Pay completed a significant report to the Reparations Committee, its provisions being along lines summarized previously. There is no attempt to fix the total amount that Germany can pay, but the methods of procuring revenues are indicated. Most of the money available for reparational payments will be derived from exports.

Germany is to have complete economic freedom after the war, so that her ability to pay shall not be hampered. Although it is not said in as many words, the capacity report makes it plain that Germany, to pay damages, will have to renege on her promise to pay reparations for an indefinite time her own war loans. It announced this several weeks ago as inevitable, and the experts find it so, although ways are sought to soften the blow to the Germans who are holders of their Government's obligations. Payments on these bonds will come after the war damage payments, and that there will absorb Germany's financial ability.

GERMANS MAKE PLEDGES TO WIN OVER THE POLES

als to Premier Paderewski before Paris Peace Conference.

PARIS, April 10.—The Peace Conference now has before it a German proposal for settlement of the conflicting German-Polish claims, on the basis of which Poland would realize practically all of its aspirations.

This proposal, presented to Premier Paderewski just before he left Warsaw, was submitted to him to the "Big Four" late yesterday. It provides for the following:

Free use of Danzig, though the city will remain under German sovereignty.

Recognition of Polish claims to Teschen and Eastern Galicia.

Material assistance in re-establishing Polish industries.

The Lithuanian corridor to Russia to remain open to use by the Germans.

HUNGARIANS AND CZECHS IN BATTLE AT UNGVAR

Hungarian Losses Reported at 150 Killed—Many Casualties Among the Czechs.

LONDON, April 10.—Violent fighting has taken place between Hungarians and Czechs at Ungvar, near the Moravian-Hungarian border, says a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam today. One hundred and fifty Hungarians were killed. The Czechs also had considerable losses.

GENS. HUMBERT AND GRAZIANI WILL COMMAND IN THE EAST

Will Be in Charge of Allied Cordon From Baltic to Black Sea.

PARIS, April 10.—Gen. Humbert and Gen. Graziani have been appointed to command the Allied cordon which will be established from the Baltic to the Black Sea. It was reported today.

A despatch to the Matin said the Allies have evacuated the isthmus of Perekop (Crimea) and are fortifying Sebastopol.

That the Bolsheviks have 600,000 troops concentrated in the Archangel region and are determined to capture that port was the belief expressed today by a French Major, who just returned to Paris after being exiled in Russia since 1914.

Unofficial advice received in Washington yesterday said the Bolsheviks in Northern Russia do not total more than 35,000, that the Allies have twice as many men and that the Bolsheviks are poorly equipped.

PALM Sunday and EASTER THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE Atlantic City

Friday, April 11

Through trains leave Pennsylvania Station, 10:12 A. M., 2:12 P. M., 8:12 P. M. Extra fare train, no coach and 3.00 P. M.

Saturday, April 12

Through trains leave Pennsylvania Station, 10:12 A. M., 2:12 P. M., 8:12 P. M. Extra fare train, no coach and 3.00 P. M.

Returning, Easter Sunday, April 20

Through trains leave Atlantic City which, at Pennsylvania Station, 9:10 A. M., 3:10 P. M., 8:10 P. M. Extra fare train, no coach and 3.00 P. M.

Other special service via Philadelphia and Trenton, April 21

Returning, Easter Monday, April 21

GERMAN TROOPS NOW IN CHARGE OF KRUPP PLANT

Two-Thirds of Workmen in Essen Return to Work—Saxony Unrest Spreads.

BERLIN, April 10 (Associated Press).—Government troops are reported to have entered Essen and to have occupied the Krupp plant, which, according to previous reports, had been seized by the Essen strikers. The troops posted artillery and machine guns at the entrances to the plant. The result of the intervention by the Government forces, the advice states, was that two-thirds of the workmen resumed their labors.

Citizens of Essen became excited during the operations of the troops, the latter having thrown hand grenades in the midst of a crowd plundering a baggage van.

From Saxony much unrest is reported. The Communists of the Virgunda district in Southwestern Saxony have issued a demand that Saxony be made a Soviet Republic, while the metal workers at Zwickau, southwest of Chemnitz, and a large proportion of the Saxon miners have gone on strike.

Discordant elements seeking to disturb law and order are making a strenuous effort, according to an official announcement, to bring about a demonstration by wounded soldiers in conjunction with the Soviet Congress, now in session here.

The idea, it is said, is to provoke loyal troops to pursue cruel tactics with the result that any conflict that might arise might be used as a pretext to call a strike and imitate the establishment of the Soviet Government at Munich. Parades are forbidden under the martial law, which still applies to Berlin. The Government announces it will be impossible for any parades to be held on Wilhelmstrasse, where it was reported the demonstration was planned, so that the paraders might march before the Chancellery and the Foreign Office.

PLAN TO LET GERMANS HEAR OF PEACE TERMS

Americans Oppose British Proposal to Communicate Them Before Plenary Council Passes Them.

PARIS, April 10 (Associated Press).—The publication in Paris today of a statement attributed to British sources, to the effect that the terms of the peace treaty would not be presented to a plenary session of the Peace Conference until after they had been communicated to the German representatives, caused comment among delegates of the nations not represented on the Council of Four.

The publication brought out from the American Mission the statement that it was opposed to such a plan.

The Armenian delegation to the Peace Conference has received a telegram from Trans-Caucasia saying that the Armenian population there is threatened seriously by Muscovites and Tatars, who have disarmed the Armenians and proclaimed a new government in Azerbaijan. The telegram asks the delegation to implore the Allies to take measures to avoid revolution and bloodshed in Trans-Caucasia.

SOVIET CONGRESS DEMANDS FREEDOM FOR LEDEBOUR

Demand Based on Fact That Independent Socialist Leader Was Elected Delegate.

BERLIN, April 10 (Associated Press).—A resolution was adopted at the opening session of the Soviet Congress yesterday demanding the release of Georg Ledebour, Independent-Socialist leader arrested during the Spartacist outbreak. The demand was based upon the fact that Ledebour has been elected a delegate to the Congress and that he should be permitted to exercise his duties in that connection.

The Chairman of the Congress ruled favorably to the independents, and a turmoil resulted in which the violence of the revolutionaries burst from the left. The radicals caused the majority Socialist members to become visibly indignant to carry the motion.

Officials of the Congress addressed messages to officials appropriating them of the wishes of the Soviet delegates. No official action had been taken.

The Prussian Ministry of State opposed setting Ledebour free, but the independents propose to press the issue and hurry a decision.

GEN. SCOTT IS RELIEVED. Will Retire to Private Life When Successor Reaches Camp Dix.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Major-General H. H. Scott, former Chief of Staff, was relieved today of command of Camp Dix, New Jersey, effective upon the arrival there of Brig. Gen. Harry H. Hale, his successor.

Gen. Hale, who has been in command of the 26th (New England) National Guard Division, will go to Camp Dix after the division parade, held in Boston.

FORMER AQUEDUCT POLICE HEAD CALLED AS FIRST "DOUGHBAG" CASE WITNESS



RICHARD H. BURKE

DOUGHBAG WITNESS ARRIVES IN ALBANY, BUT SENATE DELAYS

(Continued from First Page.)

Senator Thompson, whose revelations are responsible for the investigation of traction lobbyists in Albany, is maintaining silence. Having gained his point in securing a sweeping inquiry, he is determined to give no additional information until he is called to the witness stand. Senator Thompson has implicit confidence in Senator Burlingame, Chairman of the investigating committee, whom he regards as one of the most independent and fearless members of the Legislature. The estimate of Senator Burlingame appears to be generally prevalent here.

Senator Burlingame has given assurance that the public will be fully informed of every step in the inquiry. Burke's examination will be public.

It is believed that as soon as Burke leaves the stand the investigators will turn their attention to that part of Senator Thompson's story which deals with a conversation he says he had with a former high State official, during which, it is asserted, intimidation was made that Thompson could be the next Governor of New York if he showed a friendly attitude toward certain traction interests.

This phase of the investigation would prove quite as sensational as did the much discussed \$500,000 doughbag. The name of the former official has leaked out and is being freely mentioned in the corridors of the Capitol and hotel lobbies.

WILL TRY TO JAM THROUGH 7-CENT FARE BILL.

The action of Majority Leader Walters of the Senate in attempting to advance the Martin 7-cent fare bill to third reading yesterday, and which was thwarted by Senator Thompson, is interpreted to mean that Republican Senators favoring the measure will do all in their power to put it to a vote before the \$500,000 dough probe is in full swing.

They figure that Senatorial developments in the Judiciary Committee's investigation would have the effect of frightening Senators who are now committed to the measure. Therefore, the sooner the bill is voted on the better its chances of passing.

The Martin 7-cent fare bill and its sister bill, sponsored by Senator Carson, now repose in the Public Service Committee, of which Senator George F. Thompson is Chairman. He will not permit either of the bills to be reported out and voted on without a rumpus. But the all-powerful Rules Committee of the Senate, headed by Senator Walters, would have the right to make a special ruling compelling the resurrection of the seven-cent measure. It is likely that Senator Walters will resort to this rule today. He is committed to the 7-cent fare legislation and will do everything in his power to have it passed. Opponents of the Carson and Martin bills are confident, however, that they cannot pass the Senate.

FOES TO USE MORGAN VILLA. Versailles Home to Be Residence of German Peace Envoys.

PARIS, April 10.—Miss Anne Morgan's villa at Versailles, transformed into an American hospital during the war, probably will be used as the residence of the German delegates during the Peace Conference, it was learned today.

Paul Pottier, Secretary of the Conference, has arranged for the preliminary meetings to be held in the first floor of the palace, thence the final signatures will take place in the Hall of Mirrors.

Stockholm Wants Loan.

STOCKHOLM, April 10.—Representatives of the Swedish Government have sounded Sir N. Morris, American Minister, regarding the possibility of Sweden getting a loan from the United States. No definite answer was stated in the tentative approach, but it is intimated that the sum desired is in excess of \$25,000,000.

DOG HIS "BUDDY," CONDUCTOR FAILS TO SEPARATE THEM

Soldier, Arrested Boarding Train, Freed by Court as "Winks" Barks.

Francis H. Gaffney, a private in the 357th Aero Squadron, Field No. 1, Camp Mills, and "Winks," a little Irish terrier, have been inseparable companions ever since the dog was given to the private by a friend in South Dakota, sixteen months ago. Every night the little terrier and the big private slept side by side on their cot.

Yesterday Gaffney had the dog under his arm and when he tried to board a train at Nostrand and Atlantic Avenues, conductor Clarence H. Cutler, of the Long Island Railroad, barred him. Gaffney is alleged to have punched Cutler. The motor-man of the train blew his whistle and Patrolman Leo of the Atlantic Avenue Station placed Gaffney under arrest.

Gaffney took "Winks" along. In a cell they slept all night. To-day in the Gates Avenue Court, Gaffney was charged with disorderly conduct. His barks interrupted the proceedings of the court room.

"Your Honor," said Gaffney to Magistrate Dodd, "Winks has been my buddy for sixteen months. He has slept on my cot every night and has been all over the country in five different training camps with me. I wouldn't take \$1,000 right now to part with him. He is as faithful as they make them."

"Wish you both all the luck in the world, sentence suspended," Magistrate Dodd said.

Gaffney's home is in St. Paul, Minn.

U. S. TROOPS RELUCTANT TO FIGHT THE BOLSHIEVIK

With War Over, They Hesitate About Returning to Front, but Decide to Stick It Out.

ARCHANGEL, April 10 (Associated Press).—A company of American troops recently showed some hesitation in returning to the fighting front south of Archangel, declaring that the war with Germany was over and that the United States was not at war with the Bolsheviks.

The regimental commander in a speech said that they were fighting a desperate defensive battle and appealed to them to stick it out. The company then left for the front.

TROOPS FREEZING IN RUSSIA. Johnson Says Trouble Is Due to "Existing League of Nations."

WASHINGTON, April 10.—American troops are freezing to death in Russia because the Allied Council, "the existing League of Nations," declares their duty to death.

The Ministerialist Johnson, California, said today.

In a statement in which he renounces his demand for withdrawal of the American forces from Russia, Johnson said:

"Before me is a letter from an officer of the American forces in North Russia. He tells me that the temperature is 22 degrees below zero; that the wind is blowing and freezing; that the only explanation is that recently given by the Secretary of War, that the matter is in the hands of the Allied Council in Europe."

VENGEANCE THEORY ENTERS INTO WILKINS MURDER CASE

Woman Who Made Threats Now Sought by Attorneys for Accused Physician.

MINNEAPOLIS, L. I., April 10.—Evidence that may give a new angle to the defense of Dr. Walter K. Wilkins, charged with wife murder, was announced today by Louis G. Fries, associated with Charles N. Wilkins in the defense of the physician. The new theory of the defense attorneys is that the vengeance of a person known by name, but not yet located, was in some way connected with the murder of Mrs. Julia H. Wilkins.

A woman, whose name is withheld, visited Mrs. Fries today and gave him information which has resulted in a search for another woman who was known to Wilkins. Mrs. Wilkins was a week before the tragedy. The informant told at the trial that she heard this woman, who was excited by the doctor's wife, had been seen at No. 34 West 6th Street, Manhattan, say, "I will kill her."

DIES BESIDE SOLDIER SON. Bohman Stricken as He Had Wounded Boy Gently.

As he was bedding his son, Private Charles Bohman, gendry in Dubach Hospital No. 2, in the Grand Central Palace, early today, Frank Bohman, sixty-six, of No. 43 Ralph Avenue, Brooklyn, collapsed beside the son. When army surgeons and nurses went to him and he was dead of heart disease.

Private Bohman, who returned from France wounded about five weeks ago, visited his home yesterday and while there was taken ill. His father telephoned to the hospital, asking permission for the soldier to remain all night. The hospital authorities said this could not be granted, but offered to send an ambulance for the patient. Mr. Bohman refused and brought his son back soon after midnight.

TWO DETECTIVES ACCUSED OF THEFT IN GAMBLING "RAID"

Greek Crap Player Says \$56 Belonging to Him Was Taken by Policeman.

Inspector William F. Boettler of the First Police District arrested two of his own men, Detectives Lester R. Rogers and Henry R. Kelly, and is pressing charges of robbery against them. The case is being heard in Essex Market court by Magistrate Ringler.

James Nickas, a Greek electrical worker of No. 248 West 51st Street, is complainant. He testified he went to a Greek restaurant at No. 232 East 13th Street Saturday night and played "barbood"—Greek for "craps." Twenty men were playing at 3 A. M. when two men entered.

Nickas testified Detective Rogers came in with a revolver in his right hand and a police shield in the left. Detective Rogers struck him on the hand, Nickas said, and he dropped his money, \$56 in all, Rogers picking it up. After conferences with two Greeks in charge of the game the detectives disappeared.

No report was made to Inspector Boettler by the detectives. Nickas complained a Police Headquarters and was sent to Inspector Boettler.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Hagan, prosecuting the case, has affidavits of twenty men.

Kelly lives at No. 58 West 118th Street and Rogers at No. 1168 East 18th Street, Brooklyn.

CHILD DEAD, ANOTHER ILL AFTER EATING CANDY

Police Investigating the Case of Caps Girl—Poisoned, Says Physician.

Detective Whalen is investigating the cause of the sudden death of Elizabeth del Capa, seven years old, of No. 7 Hayard Street, on Wednesday, as well as the present illness of Nicholas Miasino, four years old, of the same address.

Alfred del Capa, the father of the dead girl, told the police today that Dr. S. J. Manning of 282 Oliver Street, the physician who attended the girl, said death was caused by convulsions due to poisoning.

Both children, their parents admitted today, had bought candy from a small stand in the vicinity of East Broadway and Market Street. The Caps child bought her candy in company with her mother, Monday evening. Later, while in bed, she constantly called for water. Tuesday the child continued to complain of pains in her stomach. Medicine from the drug store failed to alleviate her pain, and Wednesday afternoon Elizabeth died. There are four other children in the family.

The Miasino girl bought his candy from the same stand Wednesday evening and is seriously ill to-day.

WOMEN SCORE SIGNERS OF LEAGUE "ROUND ROBIN"

Minority Report of Kings Republican Committee Criticizes Calder and Wadsworth.

Two women members of the Special Committee appointed by the Kings County Republican Committee to canvass sentiment on the League of Nations are going to file a minority report protesting against the stand of United States Senators Calder and Wadsworth of New York, who signed the "round robin" protesting against the present league draft. They are Miss Estelle D. Bush of the 17th Assembly District and Miss Anna C. Dewitt of the 21st Assembly District.

The League of Nations is favored by the committee, but not in its present form, and a majority report will uphold the action of the New York Senators. The report will be presented at the next meeting of the committee.

THREE EX-GERMAN LINERS LEAVE BREST WITH TROOPS

Other Ships Are Loading Soldiers at French Ports—5,000 Men on Way.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Three of the twelve German liners allocated to the United States for troop transport service have left Brest with approximately 5,000 officers and men of the American Expeditionary Force.

The Patriots, first to sail, is due at Boston April 20. The Graf Waldersee is due at New York April 22 and the Augustus Victoria at New York April 19.

Others of the twelve vessels now are loading troops at French ports and the entire fleet is expected to be in service soon. Upon the arrival of the ships at American ports they will undergo alterations to increase their troop carrying capacity.

BOWIE WINNERS. First Race—Claiming; Three-year-olds, six furlongs.—Jack Leary, 112 (Butwell), straight \$5.00, place \$2.75, show \$2.50. (Tray), Loyal Peter, 117 (Coxley), pass \$1.50, show \$1.25, and odd; Vigilante, 110 (Sterling), \$3.00, third, Time, 1:15. Tiger Rose, Handicapped 20, Lloyd George and Chalmers.

GREATEST PARADE CITY EVER SAW IS PLANNED FOR 77TH

Lieutenant Col. Campbell Says 31,000 Men of Division Can Pass in An Hour.

The statement of Acting Secretary of War Crowell in Washington that arrangements would be made if possible for the sailing of the 77th Division in a single convoy, and Gen. Pershing's cable that the entire 77th Division had been assigned for early departure, were accepted to-day as virtually definite assurance that New York will see her famous draft army march up Fifth Avenue.

Lieut. Col. Douglas Campbell declared to-day that this will be the finest military parade ever witnessed if the public will stand back to the curb and not break into the lines. He has learned much from the experience of the 77th and is making the 77th plans with a view to avoiding the handicaps under which the former National Guardsmen marched.

The 77th will march up the avenue in half platoons—22 men abreast. And they will do it with such snap and precision that they can pass a given point—the entire division of 31,000—in one hour. The advance officers of the 77th know it can be done because the division made a record on the field at Chaumont, France. Marching in battalion front, they passed off the field in eleven minutes. It is the aim of the officers to do away with the necessity of the public's standing on the streets several hours.

Another indication of the interest the Government is taking in the parade, which Secretary of War Baker said before sailing for France he would do everything possible to bring about, is that Major Lewis Sanders of the 64th Field Artillery, 77th Division, has been ordered to report here forthwith and take the place in the advance party made vacant by the death of Major James A. Roosevelt. He sailed on the Plattsbarg.

"The 77th Division was a combat army," said Col. Campbell to-day, "and I want to show as fine as possible. We plan to march about twenty-two men abreast, with their helmets at just the right angle, with the same snap and warlike appearance that they showed in France. They will pass the reviewing stand in one hour if the people will stand back off the street and let them march."

TO SHOW SAME WARLIKE APPEARANCE AS IN BATTLE.

The division has been drilling twice a week in France for the sole purpose of showing New York the celerity and compact formation with which a military unit can move. Take it from Col. Campbell, they will do it. Not only that, but to use Col. Campbell's own words:

"If the people will do their share and remain on the sidewalk, the 77th will march by in massed formation in the greatest military parade ever witnessed in this country."

There was a special meeting last night in the Bar Association rooms of the selective draft personnel, at which a district and local boards, Government appeal agents, permanent legal advisory board, local law boards and members of the medical boards of New York City, representing a registration of 1,500,000 men, unanimously adopted a resolution demanding a parade of the 77th. Charles E. Hughes presided.

A telegram in reply to a message sent to the Secretary of War was read from Adjutant Gen. Harris. In effect it was that the order still stands that units will not be held for the arrival of other units. It was not regarded as discouraging because the order may be countermanded by Secretary Baker at any moment, or by the President himself, even if the division does not arrive in one convoy, which is expected to be. HUGHES SAYS DIVISION MUST BE ALLOWED TO PARADE.

Before resolutions demanding the parade and appointing a committee to take charge of work for it were passed unanimously, Chairman Hughes, whose son, Lieut. Charles E. Hughes Jr., is with the 77th, made a speech in which he said:

"There is no reason why the National Guard, honored as it is, should have a tribute and the drafted men

of New York City not have it. And we insist on a parade for the division.

"I think it a most unfortunate thing if the 77th Division, New York City's Own, is permitted to come home and not be honored with a parade as a division.

"Every man who went from New York City to do his duty feels he should have a welcome. There is only one way to show at this time what we all feel. We want to do for the 77th what we did for the 27th. We believe this great, patriotic should be permitted to take place and that no distinction should be made between the welcome to be accorded the 77th Division and that accorded to any other division."

The resolutions added that if matters of "mere routine expediency" are allowed to interfere with the dispatch and sentiment of the people of this city will be very great.

It was added that a committee of thirty would be selected by Chairman Hughes, "to use every means to induce the War Department to order a parade of the 77th Division, and arrange for the active participation of the Selective Service personnel in the parade and welcome."

The Progress Republican Club of the Eight Assembly District announced to-day that they had forwarded a letter to United States Senators Calder and Wadsworth, urging them to use all means in their power to have the parade held.

OTHER STATES' MEN WILL MARCH HERE

City to See 332d Infantry, Pennsylvanians and Ohioans, About April 17.

The Mayor's Committee of Welcome announced yesterday that the 332d Infantry—men of Pennsylvania and Ohio—will march in review in Fifth Avenue about April 17.

Special honor will be paid to the outfit here because it was the only American regiment that carried the Stars and Stripes in the victorious offensive of Italy against Austria.

The Italian Government is interested deeply in the plans for the welcoming ceremonies here and military representatives of King Victor are accompanying Col. Wallace, commanding officer of the regiment, to this country.

Besides these officers, the Italian Ambassador to the United States and the Italian Consul General at this city will take part in the ceremonies, which will be Italian-American. Gen. Guglielmotti, military attaché of the Italian Embassy, is in the city arranging for the participation in the review of the patriotic organizations of New York residents of Italian blood.

Representatives of the United States Government, many committees from this city and others from the home towns of returning fighters will go down the bay as guests of the Mayor's Committee to make it a real welcome home.

The regiment is on two ships, 1,434 on the transport Canopic, which left Marseilles ten days ago, and 1,749 on the Duca d'Aosta, which left Genoa about the same time.

Continued Demonstrations in Korea Are Reported. PEKING, Thursday, April 3 (Associated Press).—More than twenty Korean

demonstrations occurred near Seoul on March 27, according to the Korean Daily News, copies of which have arrived here. It is said the Japanese soldiers attacked the crowds with guns, swords and bayonets and that many Koreans were killed. Three Japanese are reported to have been injured.

HALL'S BEDDING The Standard of Quality For 90 years



The Life of a Spring depends on its hidden qualities. Bed springs look much alike from the outside. Remove the covering to find its real value.

Hall's Box Springs

are used in the best hotels, hospitals, clubs and homes—wherever comfort and durability are taken into consideration. The Hall Trade Mark protects you.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding 25 West 45th St., New York City

D.E.O.

DREWHY, JENNIE DREWHY. Living in state at CAMPBELL FURNITURE CHURCH, Broadway and 66th.

INGALLS, EDWARD INGALLS. Services at CAMPBELL FURNITURE CHURCH, Broadway and 66th st., on Thursday, 8 P. M.

MOYNIHAN, on Tuesday, April 8, 1919. JOHN J. MOYNIHAN, beloved husband of Julia Burton Moynihan.

Funeral in late afternoon, 2:30 P. M., at St. John's, on Friday, April 11, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Paul's R. C. Church. Interment at Holy Cross Cemetery.

ROY.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, at 10 A. M. Justice ROBERT H. ROY of 625 Jefferson Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice of funeral later.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—NEW JERSEY.